

2 a) By de Moivre's theorem

$$\cos 5\theta + j \sin 5\theta = (\cos \theta + j \sin \theta)^5$$

Let $c = \cos \theta$, $s = \sin \theta$

$$\begin{aligned} \cos 5\theta + j \sin 5\theta &= c^5 + 5c^4js + 10c^3j^2s^2 + 10c^2j^3s^3 \\ &\quad + 5cj^4s^4 + j^5s^5 \\ &= c^5 + 5c^4js - 10c^3s^2 - 10c^2js^3 \\ &\quad + 5cs^4 + js^5 \end{aligned}$$

Equating imaginary parts

$$\begin{aligned} \sin 5\theta &= 5c^4s - 10c^2s^3 + s^5 \\ &= 5(1-s^2)^2s - 10(1-s^2)s^3 + s^5 \\ &= 5(1-2s^2+s^4)s - 10(s^3-s^5) + s^5 \\ &= 5s - 10s^3 + 5s^5 - 10s^3 + 10s^5 + s^5 \\ &= 5s - 20s^3 + 16s^5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sin 5\theta = 5 \sin \theta - 20 \sin^3 \theta + 16 \sin^5 \theta$$

b) i) $\left(z + \frac{1}{z}\right)^6 = (2 \cos \theta)^6 = 64 \cos^6 \theta$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Also } \left(z + \frac{1}{z}\right)^6 &= z^6 + 6z^5 \frac{1}{z} + 15z^4 \frac{1}{z^2} + 20z^3 \frac{1}{z^3} \\ &\quad + 15z^2 \frac{1}{z^4} + 6z \frac{1}{z^5} + \frac{1}{z^6} \\ &= \left(z^6 + \frac{1}{z^6}\right) + 6\left(z^4 + \frac{1}{z^4}\right) + 15\left(z^2 + \frac{1}{z^2}\right) + 20 \end{aligned}$$

2b i)
cont)

$$\Rightarrow 64 \cos^6 \theta = 2 \cos 6\theta + 12 \cos 4\theta + 30 \cos 2\theta + 20$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos^6 \theta = \frac{\cos 6\theta + 6 \cos 4\theta + 15 \cos 2\theta + 10}{32}$$

$$= \frac{1}{32} \cos 6\theta + \frac{3}{16} \cos 4\theta + \frac{15}{32} \cos 2\theta + \frac{5}{16}$$

2b ii)

$$\int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} (1-x^2)^{5/2} dx$$

Let $x = \sin \theta$

$$\frac{dx}{d\theta} = \cos \theta$$

$$= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{6}} (1 - \sin^2 \theta)^{5/2} \cos \theta d\theta$$

$$dx = \cos \theta d\theta$$

when $x = \frac{1}{2}$ $\theta = \frac{\pi}{6}$

$$= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{6}} (\cos^2 \theta)^{5/2} \cos \theta d\theta$$

when $x = 0$ $\theta = 0$

$$= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{6}} \cos^6 \theta d\theta = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{6}} \left(\frac{1}{32} \cos 6\theta + \frac{3}{16} \cos 4\theta + \frac{15}{32} \cos 2\theta + \frac{5}{16} \right) d\theta$$

$$= \left[\frac{1}{192} \sin 6\theta + \frac{3}{64} \sin 4\theta + \frac{15}{64} \sin 2\theta + \frac{5}{16} \theta \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{6}}$$

$$= \left[\frac{1}{192} \sin \pi + \frac{3}{64} \sin \frac{2\pi}{3} + \frac{15}{64} \sin \frac{\pi}{3} + \frac{5}{96} \right] - \left[0 \right]$$

$$= \frac{3}{64} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{15}{64} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{5}{96}$$

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{128} + \frac{15\sqrt{3}}{128} + \frac{5}{96} = \frac{18\sqrt{3}}{128} + \frac{5}{96} = \frac{9\sqrt{3}}{64} + \frac{5}{96}$$